

**NATIONAL PRIMARY CARE INFECTIOUS DISEASES  
SENTINEL SURVEILLANCE FORTNIGHTLY REPORT**

From The Australian Sentinel Practices Research Network (ASPREN) \*

No. 04, 2025 - 10th February — 23rd February 2025

**NATIONAL SUMMARY**



Influenza-like-illness levels are increasing

**7**

Cases of influenza have been detected in this reporting period  
5 x Influenza A  
2 x Influenza B

**10%**

Influenza positivity during the reporting period.

**25**

Cases of influenza have been detected this year:  
18 x Influenza A  
7 x Influenza B



Gastroenteritis levels are increasing

**SYNDROMIC SURVEILLANCE  
REPORTING**

Reports were received from 337 reporters from 8 states and territories during the reporting period. During weeks 7 and 8 reporters saw a total of 51,229 patients.

**INFLUENZA-LIKE-ILLNESS (ILI)**

Nationally, ILI notifications significantly increased during the period with 152 notifications being reported in weeks 7—8. ILI rates reported in this period were 2 and 3 cases per 1000 consultations (weighted). This was slightly higher than the previous fortnight where rates were 2 per 1000 consultations in weeks 5 and 6. For the same reporting period in 2024, ILI rates were similar at 3 cases per 1000 consultations for weeks 7 and 8 (see Fig. 5).

**GASTROENTERITIS**

Nationally, gastroenteritis notifications significantly increased to 80 notifications reported. Gastroenteritis rates reported in this period slightly increased to 2 and 1 cases per 1000 consultations in weeks 7 and 8 respectively, compared to 1 case per 1000 consultations in weeks 5 and 6 (see Fig. 5).

\* ASPREN is funded by the Commonwealth's Department of Health, Office of Health Protection, Vaccine Preventable Disease Surveillance Section.

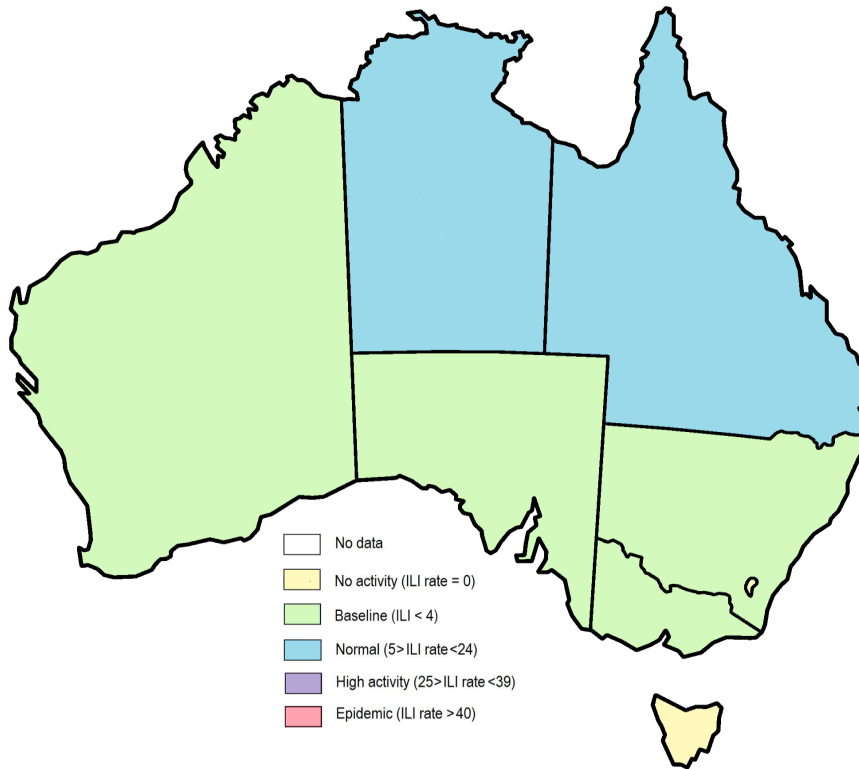


Figure 1. Map of ILI activity by jurisdiction, weeks 07 - 08, 2025.

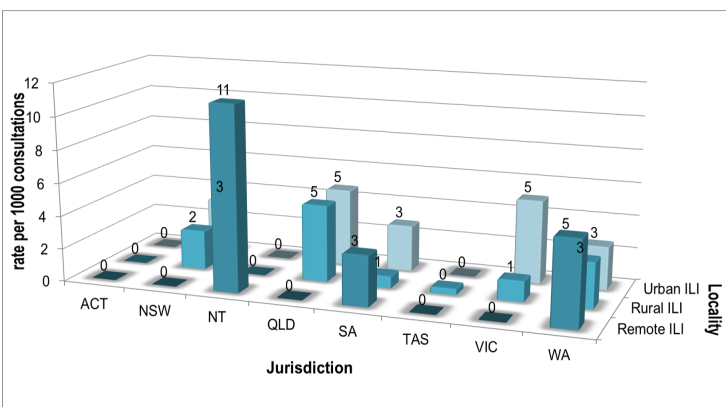


Figure 2. ASPREN rate of ILI by locality and jurisdiction, weeks 07 - 08, 2025.

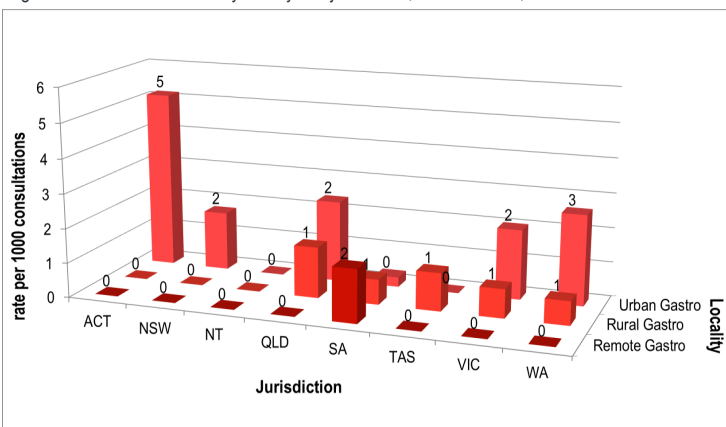


Figure 3. ASPREN rate of gastroenteritis by locality and jurisdiction, weeks 07 - 08, 2025.

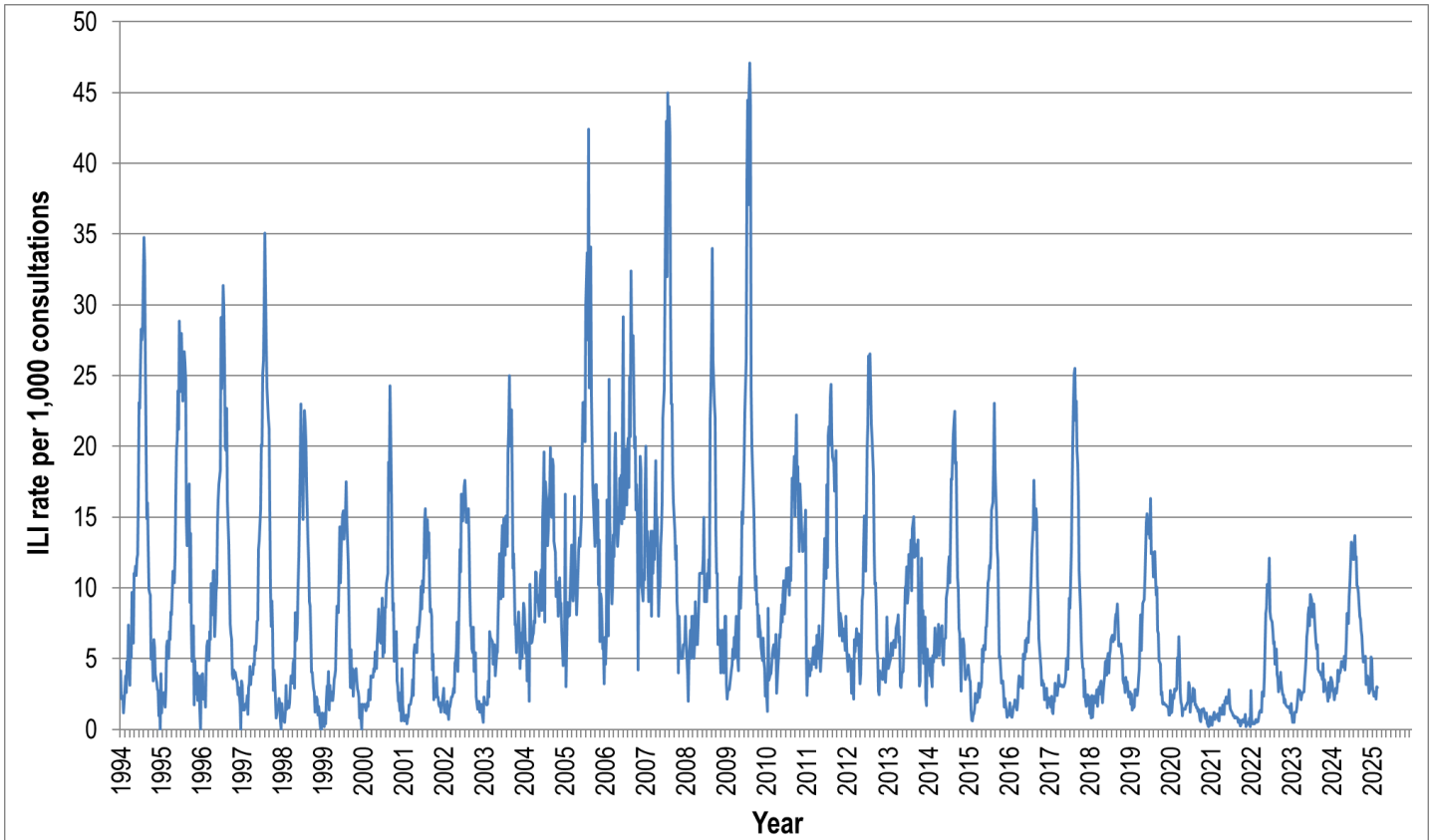


Figure 4. ASPREN ILI rates 1994 - 2025.

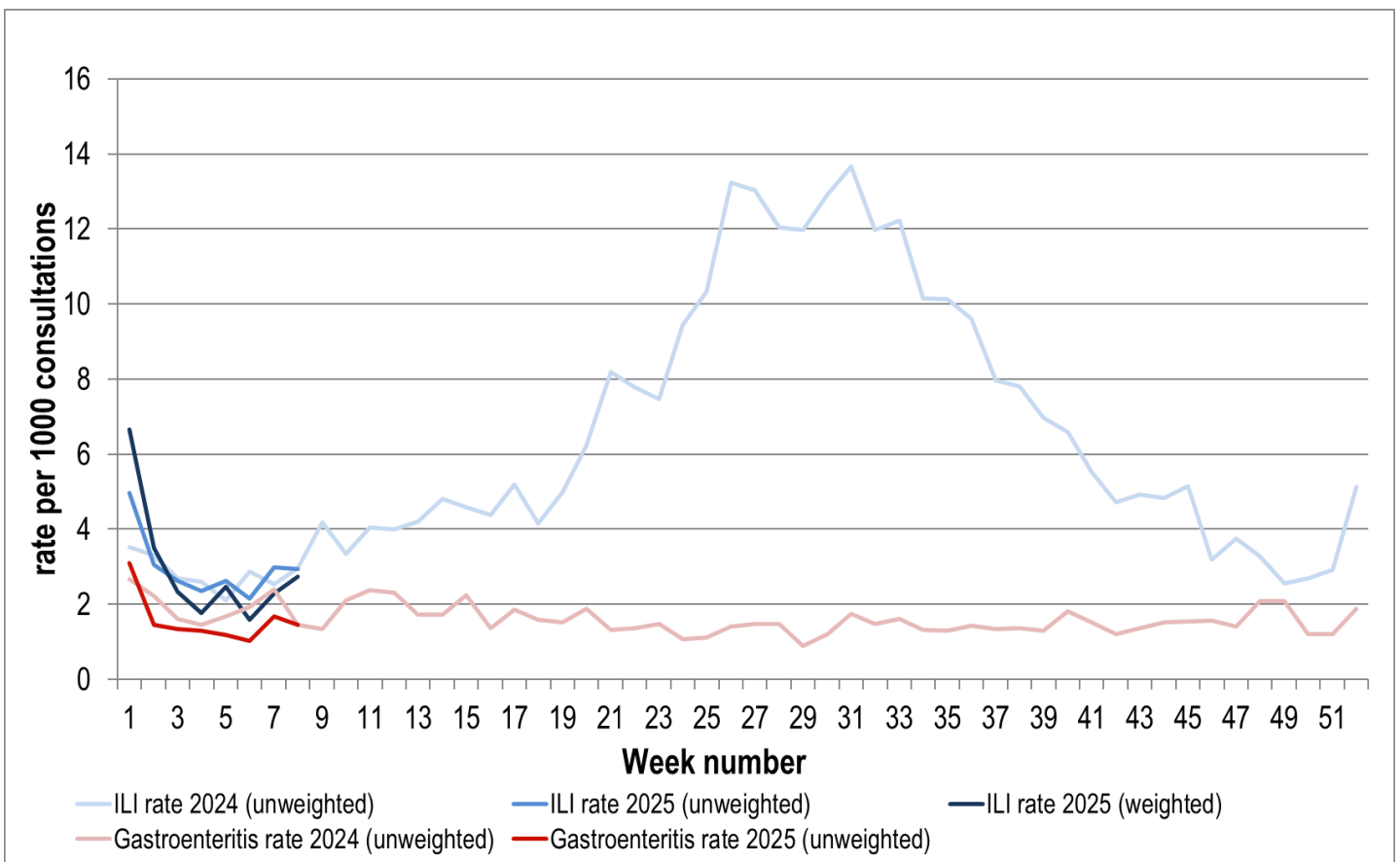


Figure 5. ASPREN ILI and gastroenteritis rates 2024-25. Weighted rates are weighted to account for population size differences between jurisdictions, using population estimates from the 2011 Australian Census.

### VIROLOGICAL SURVEILLANCE

47% of all ILI patients were swab tested during weeks 7 and 8 (see Figure 6).

5 cases of Influenza A, 2 cases of Influenza B and 6 cases of SARS-CoV-2 were detected during this period. There were 22 cases of Rhinovirus detected making it the most common respiratory virus circulating the nation at present (see figure 8).

# Viral laboratory data is provided by SA Pathology laboratory.

	Reporting Period	YTD
	10 Feb - 23 Feb 2025	1 Jan - 23 Feb 2025
Total number of ILI notifications	152	500
Number of swab tests performed	72	195
% ILI patients tested	47%	39%
% of swab tests positive for influenza	10%	13%

Figure 6. ASPREN virological surveillance results overview for 2025 #

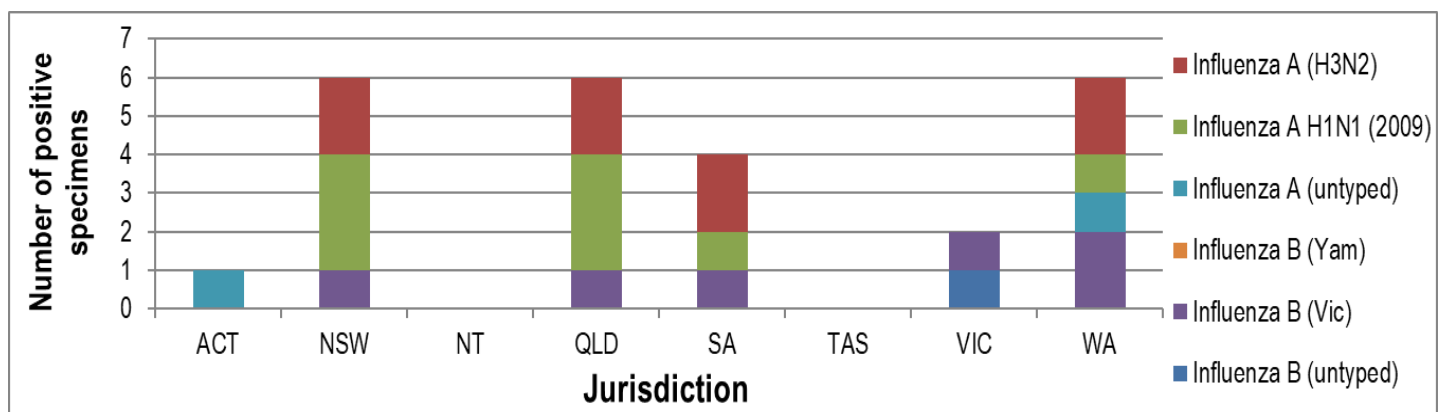


Figure 7. ASPREN influenza subtype analysis by jurisdiction for 2025 #

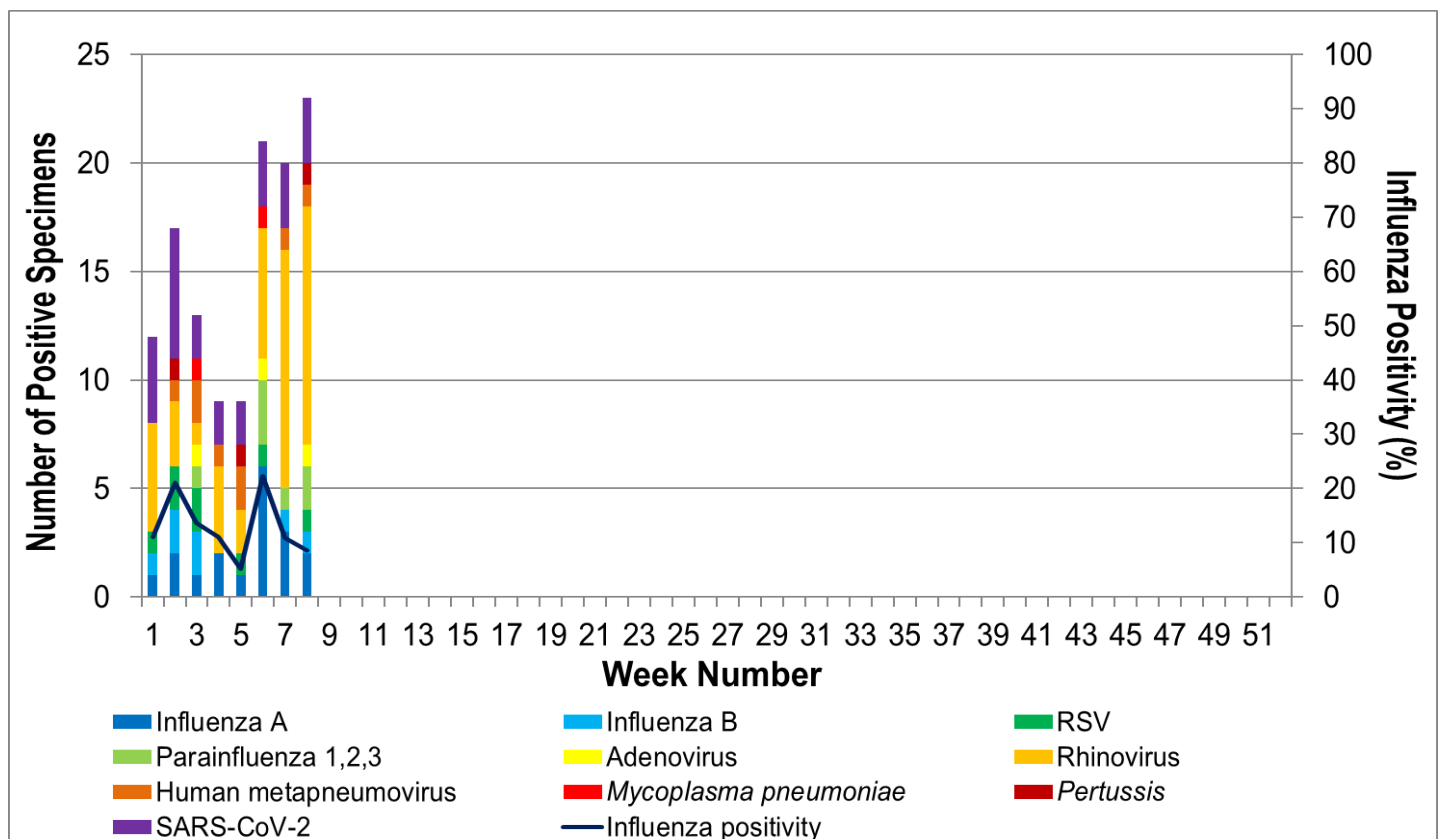


Figure 8. ASPREN, laboratory detection of influenza and other respiratory viruses for 2025 #

The Australian Sentinel Practices Research Network is supported by the Australian Government Department of Health (the Department). The opinions expressed in this paper are those of the authors, and do not necessarily represent the views of the Department.

Please note: This report is based on data available as at 27 February 2025. Delays in the reporting of data may cause data to change retrospectively.